

"E Newsletter"



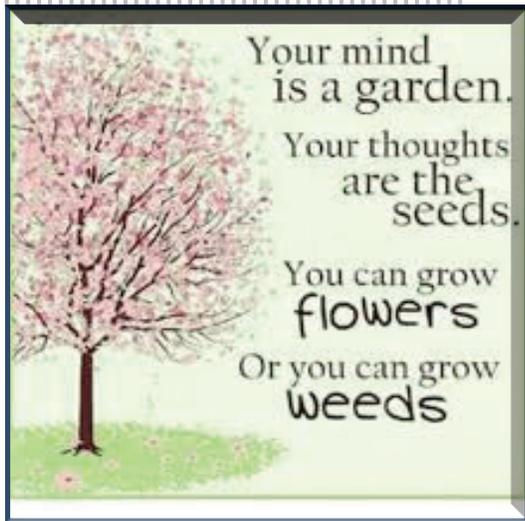
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Volume 2 : Issue 4 May/June 2020

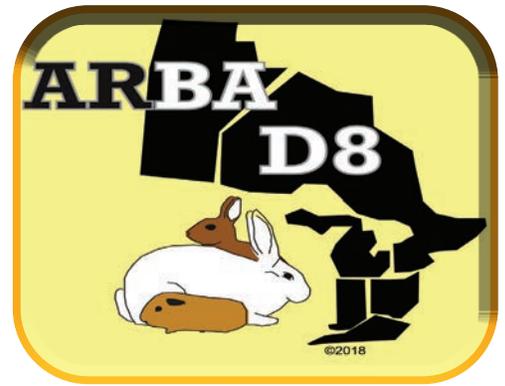


***"Keep your face to the sun and
you will never see the shadows".***

Helen Keller



@quotesoftheday



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Director's Message

Howdy D8 Friends!

I hope this issue finds you and your families safe and well during these trying times.

Yes, just about every show in our area thru June has canceled mostly due to the corona virus pandemic. While we humans are facing this virus, our animals are also doing the same with the RHD possibility. In a strange bit of irony, the cancellation of so many shows due to the human virus may in fact be holding back the transmission of the rabbit virus to some extent. It appears that much of the RHD transmission in the Southwest is due to Mother Nature. Wild animals can track the virus into our barns, plus what we have on our shoe soles. Just think how much worse it could be if these infected animals were hitting the show tables! Additionally, we must practice sound bio security. That cannot be stressed enough.

I don't mean to be scaring our members, but this RHD issue is a BIG potential threat to our hobby. Believe me when I say this...the ARBA Board does take this very seriously. Our Executive Director is in almost constant contact with the proper officials in the affected areas. He makes what seems like almost daily updates to the Board, and the ARBA Website and Facebook page are updated regularly with these notices. While the ARBA cannot mandate that the federal/state governments make the vaccine available, we have recommended it in some instances. Clubs are now required to refuse entries from exhibitors that live within 150 miles of an outbreak...before they could...now they must. This is a very fluid situation, and I'm certain that many more recommendations will be announced in the very near future as more facts are known.

One thing I really wish to touch on is the use of transporters. The ARBA has recommended against the use of these. This is a recommendation only as we do not have the legal authority to enforce such a ban. But...please everyone...use

some common sense and not use a transporter. Just think...only one infected animal on a transport has the potential to spread it across much of the US and Canada. Let's say a transporter comes from the West into Indiana

and only one infected animal is onboard. Breeders travel down from Manitoba and Michigan to pick up animals that were traveling with that animal. Then the transporter travels into Ohio. Kentucky, Ontario, and Michigan breeders travel to Columbus to pick up animals. Animals that were in that transport with one infected animal are now in all corners of D8. Yes, as I write this there are no known cases currently in D8. But those breeders in the Southwest didn't expect it either. We didn't expect the corona virus to do what it has either, did we?

It will be a challenge when our shows do start back up. Many folks don't want to remove their chairs and "campsites" from the show room when asked...so what will happen when requested to do social distancing in the show room? How many facilities are large enough to handle the required extra space? Not all clubs can afford to rent an extra building or to make their shows two days. New types of show equipment may be needed to help with social distancing for the exhibitors, writers, judges, etc, but not all clubs have the funds to do this. It may be a challenge for clubs to determine the 150 mile limit, so instead of day of show entries like most of us are accustomed to here in D8, perhaps returning to pre-entries might be beneficial for the time being. The ARBA can offer assistance regarding the 150 mile limit, but it still can be a challenge. Folks, I'm not trying



to scare you, but just presenting some of the aspects we must consider when trying to return to "normal."

The Rabbit Show has featured some interviews with Dr. Chris Hayhow on the RHD issue. Some very good information has been given and is worth watching.

While we all miss our shows, this is a hobby. We don't want our shows to return too soon and run the risk of infecting both we humans and our animals. We can live a bit longer without the shows. Let's look at the safety and health of both we humans and our animals first, and then the shows can return later.

I really feel for our graduating seniors that cannot have their actual graduations and parties as in the past. But it is heartwarming to see so many of the other routes folks are going through for them. Congratulations to all of our graduating seniors. I wish you the best of luck as your journey in life continues!

Now...on to some positive news! I'm really happy with the responses to the Virtual D8 Youth Workshops that have been held so far. Just like with our in-person workshops, these virtual versions are primarily for our D8 Youth, HOWEVER youth from all across the ARBA and beyond are welcome...and adults, too! In times like these, we must all help one another. Using the Zoom platform, we are broadcasting these workshops live on the D8 Facebook page. Plus, they are being recorded and placed on the D8 Youtube Channel called ARBA D8 Website. A big THANK YOU to our judges for the giving of their time and experience by taking part. Thank you to the D8 Web Team...Amanda Behee and Jane Burt...for all of their work in making these happen. Amanda is at the control center during the workshops. In addition, she helps prepare many of the Power Points used and runs practice sessions for the speakers and I before the actual events. She also does this for her 4-H club. Jane, in addition to her Webmaster and Newsletter Editor positions, produces some awesome flyers promoting these events. And yes, thank you to all of our members for watching these workshops. Sure, these virtual workshops don't give the hands on feeling of our live events, but until things change, these are the

next best thing. Please check back often to the D8 Facebook page for newly announced virtual workshops. And if you know of someone not yet subscribed to this e-newsletter, please invite them to visit the D8 Website at www.arbadistricts.net/district/8 and they can register there. It's that easy! On a side note, Amanda has noticed viewers from all across the US and Canada...and even from Australia, Malaysia, the Netherlands, and Peru!

Friends, like so many of you, this hobby has been a big part of my life for a very long time. Even if we can't see each other in person for now, we can still keep in contact via social media, emails, texts, and phone calls. We may not be close distance-wise, but we can still be "close" by other means. I do appreciate the members who contact me with their thoughts and concerns. I have forwarded their ideas, thoughts, etc on to the board to make them aware. You may reach me by email at havanaman@earthlink.net or by phone at 937-364-2133. I do my best to return calls and emails in a timely manner.

Best wishes to all of our rabbit and cavy friends across D8 and beyond!

Stay safe!

Terry Fender
ARBA D8 Director

Hi Friends,
Since I submitted my article, the ARBA Convention has been canceled...or at least, the live version of it has. The MARCS group is hard at work to develop some virtual options.

The ARBA Board met this Tuesday virtually. Many topics were covered including RHD. Below is a link to the new ARBA RHD policy on the ARBA website. Policy is also available in this newsletter and from the home page of the D8 website. We'll share updates also to the D8 Facebook page.
Thanks,
Terry

<https://arba.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/ARBA-Rabbit-Hemorrhagic-Disease-Policy.6.15.20-1.pdf>



Food For Thought: Parents, Your Kids Are Listening And Watching!

A Parents! As we approach fair season there were some things on my heart that I wanted to share about common things I have seen over the years that impact our kids negatively during what is supposed to be a positive experience.

1) Your kids are listening and watching. Every time you talk disparagingly about a judge or judges decision, you have taught your kids to not respect that person or the opinion they are paid to give that day. Subsequently, they will have less respect for others in that role as they progress through their show career.

2) Your kids are listening and watching. Every time you complain about a particular exhibition requirement, for example record books or a shift in the food stand, an opportunity for growth and skill building is compromised. The requirements are well thought out and have proven to be valuable experiences for youth for years to come, although at the moment it seems like one more "pointless" thing to do. Do it anyways and teach your kids that not everything is fun. Sometimes in life we have to do the not so fun stuff so that we can do the fun stuff.

3) Your kids are listening and watching. Making comments about other kids and their successes or failures shows your kids that it's okay to not practice good sportsmanship all the time. That's not okay. Every kid in the barn has a different story to tell, different experiences, different resources, etc. Pay attention to your kids experience. Period. Your kids can learn a lot of valuable life lessons when you focus on them and their experience.

4) Your kids are listening and watching. If you have a good attitude, practice a lot of grace, and focus on the reason you do this with your kids, it will be contagious! No matter what, be a good example for your kids; they're listening and watching.

Katie Ockert: MSUE Youth Animal Science Educator,
4-H Volunteer, 4-H Mom



Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease, A Scary Reality for our Hobby

By: Theresa Schwandt

If things in this country are not polarizing enough with the situation of Covid-19 and the struggles so many are enduring because of it, we now also have to deal with Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease(RHD) here in the US.

Recently, I was contacted by an ADRC member and asked about my thoughts on the RHD situation. I honestly had not really thought about it that much, since in the past when I had heard about it, the virus was far away from the Midwest and thus really not a concern to me personally. Well things sure have changed. So with the new developments in location of this terrifying virus, I did a little research for myself. I had many questions and while it is easy to indulge in all of the information that can be found online, my main question is: How will this affect my herd? I can't find an answer to that question and I suppose, each of us as rabbit breeders, will have to wait patiently to see how it all plays out. There has been much discussion online about RHD and so I decided to read up on it. Here is some information that I found of interest and thought I might share. Keep in mind that as I write this mid-May, by the time that this issue of the DR is out the membership, things might have progressed and additional information discovered.

RHD is a fatal disease in rabbits and is considered a foreign animal disease here in the US. There are two strains of RHDV (Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease Virus) including RHVD1 and RHVD2. The most important difference between the two is that unlike RHDV1, the RHDV2 has been confirmed to affect both domestic rabbits and wild populations of North American rabbits including Cottontail and Jackrabbits. The RHVD1 or classic RHD has only affected European Rabbits. Learning that as of May 2020, RHDV2 has now been found in California, in addition to Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and Colorado, is a major concern since we cannot control movement of the wild rabbit population and also the amount of rabbit transport across the US is significant.

RHD is spread through direct contact or exposure to an infected rabbit's excretions (urine, feces, respiratory secretions), fur or blood and is highly contagious. It can also be spread by means of a vector such as contaminated clothes,

food, bedding, feeders and water. Flies, fleas and mosquitos can carry the virus between rabbits as well. RHD is highly resistant in the environment and survive freezing for long periods of time. The virus can persist in infected meat for months as well as in decomposing carcasses. It can also be spread in the wild by predators and scavengers by shedding it in their feces. After discovering all of the ways that it can spread, the dangers of the virus to our hobby are huge and scary. We all need to be vigilant.

Many times the only signs of the disease are sudden death and blood stained noses caused by internal bleeding. Infected rabbits may also develop a fever, be hesitant to eat, or show respiratory and/or nervous system signs. The RHDV causes a generalized infection in rabbits that is characterized by liver necrosis, disseminated intravascular coagulation and rapid death. The RHDV2 has an incubation period of about 3-5 days and it can vary with how fast clinical signs occur. In some cases, the rabbit may be inactive and reluctant to move, while in other cases the rabbits may have seem normal immediately before death. Not all rabbits exposed to RHD become ill, a small portion of infected rabbits clear the virus without any symptoms of the disease. Asymptomatic carriers also occur and can continue to shed virus for months and infecting other animals around them. A diagnosis of RHD can often be made based on the clinical presentation and a definitive diagnosis requires detection of the virus.

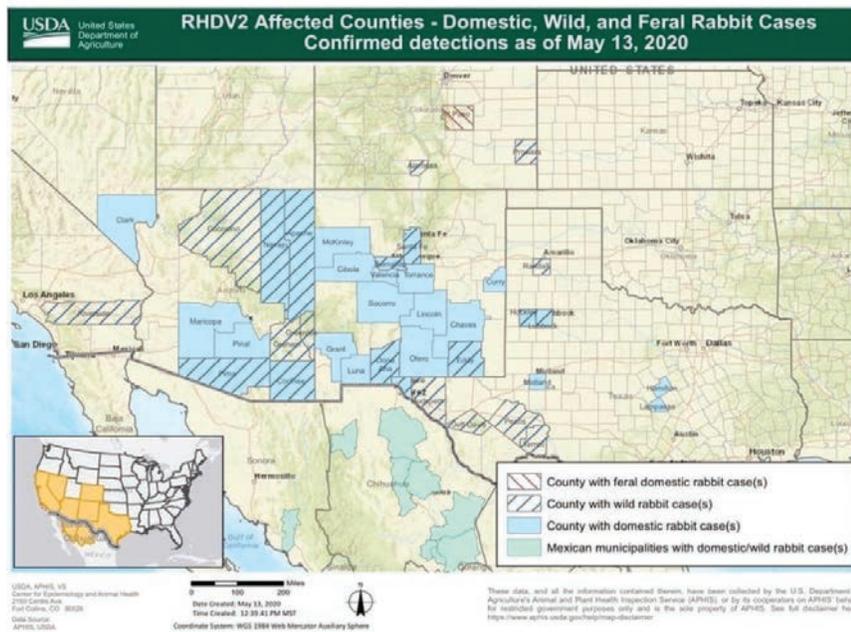
There are a number of vaccines available against RHD that are sold in countries where the disease is endemic. At the current time, the ARBA is monitoring the situation and working with the USDA and state agencies to do what they can to protect domestic rabbits as well as the native species of rabbits in North America.

It is important to note that household disinfection such as Clorox or Lysol wipes do not work against these viruses. An effective option is to wipe surfaces with a 10% Bleach solution with a 10 minute wet contact time

prior to rinsing. Because of the highly infectious nature of the RHDV2, strict quarantine is necessary. The only way to effectively eradicate the disease is with depopulation, disinfection, vaccination, surveillance and quarantine.

In closing, the status of RHDV2 and it's spread is concerning. It will be important going forward to keep updated on information regarding this threat. In your own rabbitry, it will be of utmost importance to maintain good infection control practices and sanitation.

RHDV2 confirmed cases from USDA



ARBA Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease Policy June 15, 2020

Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease (RHD) is a highly contagious disease caused by a calicivirus. Previous to 2020 it was assumed that the virus only affected rabbits of the *Oryctolagus cuniculus* species. This includes wild and domestic European rabbits, which our domesticated rabbits are descended from. However, a new variant of the virus is now able to infect North American native rabbits or hares, such as our cottontails, snowshoe hares, or jackrabbits. Based on ongoing outbreaks within the USA the ARBA has the following recommendations. This policy will be constantly monitored and can be modified as needed per USDA guidelines and recommendations.

- Any ARBA sanction held by a club within 250 miles of an active RHD outbreak will be cancelled, and the club provided the opportunity to reschedule the date / location for a future ARBA sanctioned show. Clubs forced to reschedule shows due to enforcement of the ARBA RHD policy will be provided every opportunity to reschedule their sanctioned show without adhering to the 30-days deadline.
- Exhibitors, judges, registrars, transporters, and vendors residing in or traveling by motor vehicle through an area of the country that is part of an active RHD outbreak are discouraged from attending ARBA sanctioned shows in other areas or having contact with other rabbit breeders for 60 days of the last RHD confirmed positive case. Clubs are encouraged to acknowledge the potential need to cancel contracts due to RHD concerns when soliciting contractors to officiate or vend at ARBA sanctioned shows.
- ARBA sanctioned cavy-only specialty shows may be held provided the club's show rules contain a specific prohibition against rabbits being on the premises of the show site during the sanctioned show. The club must also provide the following awareness in their official show catalog: "Attendees must be aware that although RHD does not infect cavies, the virus may be transmitted even without direct contact with rabbits. Many cavy breeders also raise rabbits; therefore, robust bio-security measures must be taken in order to reduce the risk of transmission of this deadly virus." Judges residing in or traveling by motor vehicle through states with active RHD outbreaks are discouraged from officiating, although the ARBA recognizes the contractual agreements are made with the club hosting the show.
- Clubs are strongly encouraged to disinfect equipment prior to set up for their show. The RHD calicivirus is inactivated by sodium hypochlorite, household bleach. To prepare add one-half cup of sodium hypochlorite to one gallon of water. Alternatively, Virkon S is effective when prepared as a 1% solution. It is recommended that organic debris such as feces, fur, and urine be completely removed from show equipment. Once cleaning of show equipment has been performed it is recommended to let the equipment dry in the sun. Clubs are encouraged to not use equipment that is maintained in or traveling through an area of the country with an active RHD outbreak. It is recommended that reasonable efforts are made to have disinfectant spray accessible during shows.
- When accepting pre-entries for a show, should an exhibitor's address be within 150 miles of a confirmed RHD outbreak the show secretary may contact the ARBA office to confirm the status of the 150 mile requirement.
- Show personnel, judges, and registrars are encouraged to use reasonable precautions including the use of hand sanitizer and disinfectant spray when working at a show.

- Owners who have experienced RHD infections in their herd are required to report the infection to ARBA and are ineligible to participate in ARBA sanctioned shows for a period of 4 months from the last RHD-related death.

PREVIOUSLY ENACTED

- The ARBA mandates that all rabbits imported from a foreign country with a recently documented RHDV outbreak, regardless of variant or strain, in the past 60 days must be quarantined for a minimum of 30 days prior to entry in a national convention or local show.
- Rabbits imported from another country at risk or endemic for RHDV must have documentation with the date arriving into the USA clearly listed on the supporting documentation along with verification from a licensed veterinary professional stating that the rabbits imported have been quarantined for 30 days and exhibit no signs of sickness that would suggest RHDV infection or exposure. Failure to provide these documents constitute a violation of the rules stated above. Rabbits vaccinated for RHDV and/or Myxomatosis in another country must have appropriate documentation indicating the vaccine was administered with appropriate booster, if necessary.
- Any ARBA member traveling to a country where RHDV is endemic will be subject to increase scrutiny and/or restriction in attending local or national ARBA shows on a case by case basis reviewed by the ARBA Board of Directors with input from the Rabbit & Cavy Health Committee. This will be vigorously enforced should the member travel to the country during a current or emerging outbreak of the virus.

ARBA Show Rule-

SECTION 15. (D) The American Rabbit Breeders Association host club must refuse entries from exhibitors placing an entry from all locations within 150 miles which has had a confirmed outbreak of RCV/RHD/VHD within the past 60 days of the entry deadline.

Homeopathic Remedy for Intestinal Blockages in Rabbits

By Julie Brown and Bethany Pilares

Disclaimer: While we are not veterinary professionals, the following is a home remedy, which we have found successful without prescription medications. This is a combination of massage and nutritional supplements, which are accessible on line or at the grocery store. This course of treatment is generally takes three days to be fully effective. Please use your judgement and/or consult your veterinary professionals prior to proceeding with treating any affected animals.

You notice your rabbit has stopped eating and even worse, it is a pregnant doe or a herd favorite. Physical examination determines a sloshy sound in the upper or lower abdomen. There no evidence excretions (poop) and energy level is low. A stasis of the GI track is suspected.

In the below process, patience, persistence and timing is key to ensuring the best possible outcome. We have had very good success in managing this condition, and have not had any stasis fatalities since developing this process.

Observation: The rabbit has had abrupt decrease in food consumption and fecal production. Rabbit may appear lethargic, shy away from contact or want to hide in a corner of the cage. When held in an inverted position, gently rub the stomach and listen for a sloshing sound. You can hear liquid that is not being processed by the GI track. You can also detect if the blockage is higher towards the stomach or further down in the lower intestines. The sooner you can notice a significant number of these symptoms, the better the outcome and recovery.



Day 1 – 3 Treatment. (4-6 lb. rabbit): You will need the following items; 3 (10ml) syringes, lukewarm water, fresh pineapple or grapefruit juice, mineral oil, rabbit liquid vitamins (we use Nutridrops), natural applesauce(no sugar added) and oxbow critical care.

Oral Treatment:

Hold the rabbit in an inverted position. Angle rabbit comfortably against your body.

Administer Syringe 1: Dose of pineapple juice diluted 50% water (5-8 ml). Dose of vitamins (2ml / follow directions based on weight). Repeat first two

steps. Finish with 5ml of mineral oil.

Administer Syringe 2:

Mix together 2TBS applesauce and 1TBS Oxbow feed and 1TBS warm water, until the consistency is that of a puree. Feed placing syringe to the corner of the mouth and slowly administer the feed mixture. Keep the rabbits head up as the rabbit accepts the food from the syringe. Reposition the rabbit to an upright position and allow time for rabbit to fully swallow the nutrition.

Physical Treatment:

Administer Syringe 3:

This is an enema of lukewarm water (10ml). Repeat this 3 -4 times. You can put some of the mineral oil on the tip of the syringe for the animal's comfort. A good sign is to see mucus or soft stool coming out. If no water is released, when massaging after the enema, the animal is dehydrated.

Administer Massage using techniques pictured below for approx. 5 minutes after feeding.

- 1) Small circular motion on directly affected area.

Photo #1 - page 8

- 2) Full abdomen rub (gentle by firm)

Photo #2 - page 8

- 3) Palpate the lower abdomen, particularly the area between legs.

Photo #3 - page 8

Continued Care:

Perform this treatment twice daily, in the morning and the night. We suggest bringing the rabbit to a spot that is convenient to monitor, and administer treatment. We have a temporary 2' X 3' cage which we supply with a water cock & food crock, as well as significant hay. Provide solid foods that may entice the Rabbit to eat; alfalfa, pellets, old-fashion oatmeal, spinach, carrot peels, apples (no seeds), blueberries, strawberry tops.

Each of the treatment sessions take approximately 20 minutes.

Day 4

If there no improvement and the GI track is not processing any of the nutrition, pursue medical support.

Post-treatment: Carefully watch for returned energy level and constant fecal production. Ensure water is fresh and changed twice a day.



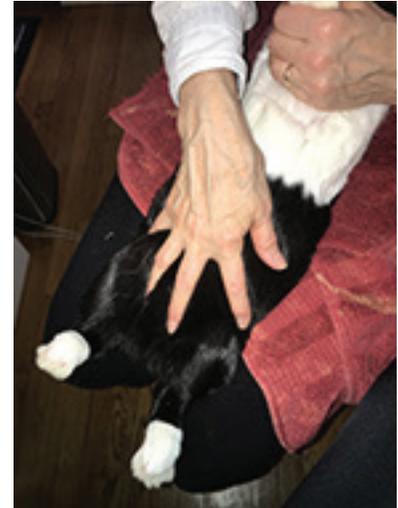
Photo #1



Photo #2



Photo #3



Editor/Web Message

We are definitely living in different times right now. We not only have a virus affecting humans but another one affecting our rabbits and both are bringing changes to our hobby. I am adding the red word "Cancelled" to more shows on the shows listing pages of the website than I am adding new shows for the year. Many of our fairs have also been cancelled. Even our big dance - the 2020 ARBA National Convention will not be a "Face to Face" event but will instead be a virtual event.

How these changes affect each of us is as different as all of us. Some have lost jobs, some have kept their jobs but are getting severely reduced pay. Some have been forced to work more hours and under more stress than before this all began. Some have lost opportunities for completion of a quest or a degree. Some learned to home school their children and make the best of their extended time together. For others, the extended time might not have been the most

productive or pleasing time. We found new ways to communicate "virtually" with family and friends, sometimes not always in the best way.

We have learned to cull harder and that should make our show lines stonger on the tables when shows resume. Hardy competition is good. We can look at our best rabbits and think with regret "Wow, sure would have liked to see how you would have done at the shows"... or we can look at them and think "Wow, You will produce some really great juniors. Perspective... perspective.

As we wait for our leaders to process the information available to them and make the decisions that will ultimately set the course for our hobby, let us all not lose sight of our extended family and friends we have created because of our wonderful hobby.

"Año nuevo, vida nueva."

Jane



D8 YouTube Videos

"Carr Seminar: Posing and Handling" - Glen Carr

"Compare & Contrast: Neth Dwarf, Dwarf Hotot and Polish"
- Pam Jones & Jeff Hardin

"Cavies 101" - Dale Mize

"The Dutch Rabbit" - Kevvin Hooper

"The Silver Fox" - Gordon Williams

"Preparing Your Rabbit For Show" - Cathy Szychulda

"Cavies: Colors and Terminology" - Amando Cabrera

"Lilacs - Lionheads - Am. Sable and More" - Misty Polasik

"Let's Talk Britannia Petites" - Doug and Molly Covert

"English Lop" - Brock Meanor

"Silver" - Joel Marshall

"Polish" - John Graybeal

[D8 YouTube Channel](#)



D8 Youth **FACEBOOK LIVE** Workshop

www.facebook.com/arbad8/

“English Spots”
Corey Hayes ~ ARBA Judge



June 30, 2020
7:00 PM EDT



The Great D8



©2018

Somewhere in Time

FOOD - FUR AND WOOL - FANCY

To approach the subject of rabbit raising briefly, we embody ideas of modern rabbitry management in the following paragraphs:

- The Twentieth Century and Domestic Rabbits have one thing in common - they both arrived at about the same time as far as rabbits in America are concerned, namely 1900. At the beginning of this century the Belgian Hare Rabbit had found its way into the United States, being imported from England. Large rabbitries were built, especially in Southern California. The American Association of Belgian Hare Breeders was formed. Here began an era of what was known as the Belgian Hare boom; specimens changed hands at fabulous prices, running into thousands of dollars. Booms have a way of bursting and the Belgian Hare boom was no exception.
- From the beginning of this century until about 1910, other breeds of rabbits in addition to the Belgian Hare found their way into America from European countries. This was the beginning of a new era for rabbits in America which we will call the Pet Stock Era. It was at this time that an Organization known as "The National Pet Stock Association" came into being and it has been established that this organization saw the light of day on January 10, 1910 at the home of the Gibson Brothers in Detroit, Michigan, Mr. Charles Gibson being elected Secretary. At this early day rabbits evidently were considered as pets. As the organization grew, some of its members felt that if rabbits were to make progress as meat producing animals, they should not be classed as Pets, and the name of "The National Breeders and Fanciers Association" was adopted. This was an era where the members felt proud to call themselves Breeders and Fanciers, constantly improving and showing their rabbits. Rabbit shows were being held in many parts of the United States. The Rabbit Industry was on its way. As it grew, another very interesting animal became popular. The Cavy, more commonly known as a Guinea Pig, had appeared in the showrooms along with rabbits for a number of years.
- In 1924 another forward step was taken. Again the name was changed, this time the name adopted was "The American Rabbit & Cavy Breeders Association" and incorporated in the state of Illinois as a non-profit organization. Now again began a new era - rabbit shows became bigger and better - they were held in connection with State Fairs, which included the New York State Fair at Syracuse, the Illinois State Fair at Springfield, the Florida State Fair at Tampa. Topping them all in point of numbers shown is the rabbit show held in connection with the Los Angeles County Fair, which for years has attracted more entries than any other show with the exception of shows held in connection with the annual convention.
- In 1952 the word "Cavy" was eliminated and this organization became a rabbit breeders association exclusively. It was in this year that the final era, the beginning of the Commercial Rabbit Industry, now began the building of the rabbit industry on a real foundation. Today, thousands of new producers of rabbits are needed to help supply the ever increasing demand for rabbit meat, its fur, its wool.
- To conclude this brief history may we answer the statement we are likely to hear, that is that the ARBA is strictly a fanciers association. **DON'T YOU BELIEVE THIS.** This is an organization of ALL rabbit breeders - all are welcome to join our ranks. The importance of the commercial fryer producers is recognized and in their behalf a commercial department has been created for its promotion. NOTE, under "ITS AIMS" which follows, the development of the commercial aspect is mentioned in the first paragraph.
- ITS AIMS: To advocate, and extend the Commercial use and development of domestic rabbits in the industries, arts and sciences, and for food, fur and textiles, to sponsor, protect and coordinate the interest of American Rabbit Breeders.
- To inaugurate and assist in the conduct of campaigns for wider uses of American rabbits and their by-products, by means of public and private educational measures, slide and video series with commentary, cassette tapes, scientific research and legislative effort, and to cooperate with breeders, organizations and groups having similar objects and purposes.

Excerpt from the 1989 "A Practical Beginning to Successful Rabbit Raising". Printed with permission.

IT'S SHOWTIME!

ARBA Shows

*** Click on the link below each state name to go to the page on the D8 website for the shows for that state.

INDIANA

<https://www.arbadistricts.net/district/8/Indiana.html>

KENTUCKY

<https://www.arbadistricts.net/district/8/Kentucky.html>

MICHIGAN

<https://www.arbadistricts.net/district/8/Michigan.html>

OHIO

<https://www.arbadistricts.net/district/8/Ohio.html>

ONTARIO

<https://www.arbadistricts.net/district/8/Ontario.html>



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